## **Product Snapshot**

# **Solutions Non-QM 4**



The Plaza Home Mortgage® Solutions Non-QM 4 Program offers Non-Qualified Mortgages on fully amortizing 30-Year Fixed Rate and interest only 40-year Fixed Rate products. Loan amounts from \$100,000 to \$3,500,000 are eligible.

- Standard Documentation: 24 Month Standard Doc or 12 Month Standard Doc
- Bank Statement Income Documentation
  - o 24 Month Bank Statements Personal or Business
  - o 12 Month Bank Statements Personal or Business
- 1099: 2 Years 1099s or 1 Year 1099
- Asset Utilization
- Interest-only and fully amortized products
- DTI to 50%
- LTVs to 85% with no MI

Please visit our website at **plazahomemortgage.com** to view full Program Guidelines. The information contained in this matrix may not highlight all the requirements of these programs and does not reduce or eliminate any requirements set forth in our Guidelines. Guidelines are subject to change without notice.

	Standard Doc - 24 Month and 12 Month						
Primary Residence Purchase and Rate/Term							
Property Type	Loan Amount	Credit Score	LTV/CLTV	Max DTI	Months Reserves		
	\$1,000,000	700	85% <sup>1</sup>	50%	3		
	\$1,000,000	660	80%	50%	3		
	\$1,500,000 1-Unit PUD Condo Condotal	720	85% <sup>1</sup>	50%	3		
4 1 lm:4		660	80%	50%	3		
		740	85% <sup>1</sup>	50%	6		
		680	80%	50%	6		
Condotel		660	75%	50%	6		
2-4 Units	\$2,500,000	680	75%	50%	6		
2 . 66	\$2,500,000	660	70%	50%	6		
	\$3,000,000	700	75%	50%	6		
		660	70%	50%	6		
	\$3,500,000	700	70%	50%	6		

<sup>1.</sup> Condos, condotels, 2-4 units, rural properties and interest only max 80% LTV/CLTV.

	Standard Doc - 24 Month and 12 Month							
Primary Residence Cash-Out Refinance								
Property Type	Loan Amount	Credit Score	LTV/CLTV	Max DTI	Months Reserves	Max Cash-Out		
	¢4 000 000	700	80%¹	50%	3			
	\$1,000,000	660	75%	50%	3			
	\$1,500,000	700	80%¹	50%	3	-		
		660	75%	50%	3			
1-Unit		700	80% <sup>1</sup>	50%	6			
PUD	\$2,000,000	680	75%	50%	6			
Condo		660	70%	50%	6	\$500,000		
Condotel		720	75%	50%	6			
2-4 Units	\$2,500,000	700	70%	50%	6	- - -		
		680	65%	50%	6			
	\$3,000,000	720	70%	50%	6			
	φ3,000,000	680	65%	50%	6			
	\$3,500,000	700	65%	50%	6			

Condotels max 75% LTV/CLTV.

Standard Doc - 24 Month and 12 Month Second Home and Investment Property <sup>1</sup> Purchase and Rate/Term								
Property Type	Property Type Loan Amount Credit Score LTV/CLTV Max DTI Months Reserves							
1-Unit	\$1,000,000	660	80%	50%	3			
PUD	¢2,000,000	680	80%	50%	6			
Condo	\$2,000,000	660	75%	50%	6			
Condotel 2-4 Units	\$2,500,000	660	75%	50%	6			

First-time homebuyer not eligible for investment property.
 2-4 units not eligible on second home.

Standard Doc - 24 Month and 12 Month Second Home and Investment Property Cash-Out Refinance						
Property Type	Loan Amount	Credit Score	LTV/CLTV	Max DTI	Months Reserves	Max Cash-Out
1-Unit	\$1,000,000	660	75%	50%	3	
PUD	\$2,000,000	680	75%	50%	6	
Condo	\$2,000,000	660	70%	50%	6	\$500,000
Condotel	\$2,500,000	720	70%	50%	6	
2-4 Units	φ2,300,000	660	65%	50%	6	

<sup>2-4</sup> units not eligible on second home.

	Bank Statemen	Alt Do ats - Personal and Bu 1099 - Asset	siness - 24 Month a Utilization	nd 12 Month	
		Primary Re Purchase and	sidence Rate/Term		
Property Type	Loan Amount	Credit Score	LTV/CLTV	Max DTI	Months Reserves
	¢4 000 000	700	85% <sup>1</sup>	50%	3
	\$1,000,000	660	80%	50%	3
	<b>#4 500 000</b>	720	85% <sup>1</sup>	50%	3
4.11.20	\$1,500,000	660	80%	50%	3
1-Unit		740	85% <sup>1</sup>	50%	6
PUD Condo	\$2,000,000	680	80%	50%	6
Condotel		660	75%	50%	6
2-4 Units	¢0.500.000	680	75%	50%	6
	\$2,500,000	660	70%	50%	6
	Фо 000 000		75%	50%	6
	\$3,000,000	660	70%	50%	6
	\$3,500,000	700	70%	50%	6

<sup>1.</sup> Condos, condotels, 2-4 units, rural properties and interest only max 80% LTV/CLTV.

Alt Doc Bank Statements - Personal and Business - 24 Month and 12 Month 1099 - Asset Utilization Primary Residence Cash-Out Refinance							
Property Type	Loan Amount	Credit Score	LTV/CLTV	Max DTI	Months Reserves	Max Cash-Out	
	¢4 000 000	700	80% <sup>1</sup>	50%	3		
	\$1,000,000	660	75%	50%	3	1	
	\$1,500,000	720	80% <sup>1</sup>	50%	3		
		660	75%	50%	3		
1-Unit		740	80% <sup>1</sup>	50%	6		
PUD	\$2,000,000	700	75%	50%	6		
Condo		660	70%	50%	6	\$500,000	
Condotel		720	75%	50%	6		
2-4 Units	\$2,500,000	700	70%	50%	6		
		680	65%	50%	6	1	
	\$3,000,000	720	70%	50%	6		
	φ3,000,000	680	65%	50%	6	1	
	\$3,500,000	700	65%	50%	6		

Condotels max 75% LTV/CLTV.

#### Alt Doc Bank Statements - Personal and Business - 24 Month and 12 Month 1099 - Asset Utilization **Second Home and Investment Property Purchase and Rate/Term** Credit Score LTV/CLTV Months Reserves **Property Type** Loan Amount Max DTI 1-Unit PUD \$1,000,000 660 80% 50% 3 680 80% 50% 6 Condo \$2,000,000 Condotel 660 75% 50% 6 2-4 Units<sup>1</sup>

<sup>2-4</sup> units not eligible on second home.

Alt Doc Bank Statements - Personal and Business - 24 Month and 12 Month 1099 - Asset Utilization Second Home and Investment Property Cash-Out Refinance						
Property Type	Loan Amount	Credit Score	LTV/CLTV	Max DTI	Months Reserves	Max Cash-Out
1-Unit	\$1,000,000	660	75%	50%	3	
PUD Condo Condotel	\$2,000,000	680	75%	50%	6	\$500,000
2-4 Units <sup>1</sup>	Ψ2,000,000	660	70%	50%	6	

<sup>1. 2-4</sup> units not eligible on second home.

Product Parameters					
Appraisal	All appraisals must be ordered and processed in compliance with Appraiser Independence Requirements (AIR).				
	Number of Appraisals: Loan amounts > \$2,000,000 require two full appraisals.				
	<b>Declining Markets:</b> Properties in a declining market, as indicated in the appraisal, require a 5% LTV reduction from the maximum otherwise allowed if the LTV > 80%.				
	<ul> <li>Collateral Desktop Assessment:</li> <li>Appraisals with a CU or LCA score &gt; 2.5 require a "Collateral Desktop Analysis - Jumbo (CDA) Pre-Fund" analysis as described below.</li> <li>Appraisals/loans with a CU or LCA score &lt;= 2.5 do not require a CDA.</li> <li>When required, A "Collateral Desktop Analysis - Jumbo (CDA) Pre-Fund" will be ordered by Plaza.</li> <li>The CDA is required to support the value of the appraisal. If the CDA returns a value that is "Indeterminate" or if the CDA indicates a value lower than the appraised value by more than 10%, then a field review or 2nd full appraisal is required. The lower of the two values will be used as the appraised value of the property.</li> <li>If two (2) full appraisals are provided, a CDA is not required.</li> </ul>				
	Transferred Appraisals: Allowed.				
Underwriting Method	Manual underwriting only				
Assets/Down Payment/Gifts	Assets used for down payment, closing costs, debt payoff, and reserves must be documented. The asset documentation requirement for all transactions is a single account statement covering a one (1) month period and dated within 90-days of the loan note date.				
Bankruptcy / Foreclosure / NOD / Short Sale / Deed-in-Lieu	Four years seasoning is required. Seasoning is measured to the new note date.				
Credit History	<ul> <li>Trade Lines: If the primary borrower has three (3) credit scores, the minimum tradeline requirement is waived. When the primary borrower has less than three credit scores each borrower must meet the minimum tradeline requirement. Exception – if the co-borrower is the spouse of the borrower only one spouse is required to meet the minimum tradeline requirement. Tradeline requirement: <ul> <li>At least three (3) tradelines reporting for a minimum of 12 months, with activity in the last 12 months, or</li> <li>At least two (2) tradelines reporting for a minimum of 24 months, with activity in the last 12 months.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				

Geographic Restrictions	<ul> <li>Borrowers who do not meet one of the above tradeline requirements, but have a minimum of two credit scores, can alternatively satisfy the tradeline requirement by meeting the below requirements: <ul> <li>No fewer than eight (8) tradelines are reporting, one (1) of which must be a mortgage or a rental history.</li> <li>At least one (1) tradeline has been open and reporting for a minimum of twelve (12) months.</li> <li>The borrower has an established credit history for at least eight (8) years.</li> <li>Tradelines with recent serious adverse history are not acceptable.</li> <li>Student loans can be counted in credit depth as long as they are in repayment and not being deferred.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Declining Markets: Properties in a declining market, as indicated in the appraisal, require a 5% LTV reduction from the maximum otherwise allowed if the LTV &gt; 80%.</li> <li>Additional Program specific geographic restrictions are identified below: <ul> <li>Hawaii: Properties in Lava Flow Zones 1 or 2 are not allowed.</li> <li>New York: Lease meeting the definition of NY Subprime are not eligible.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Income & Employment	<ul> <li>New York: Loans meeting the definition of NY Subprime are not eligible.</li> <li>Texas: Texas Section 50(a)(6) restrictions apply.</li> <li>The information in this section applies to all income documentation options unless stated otherwise in the specific documentation sections that follow:</li> <li>A minimum two (2) year employment history is required to be documented on the</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ioan application (1003).</li> <li>Self-employed borrowers' business must be in existence for a minimum of two (2) years.</li> <li>In exception cases, when the borrower has less than a two-year history of employment, documented positive factors must exists to offset the shorter employment history, such as education or training. Exceptions will be considered case-by-case.</li> <li>Any gaps in employment that span one or more months must be explained.</li> <li>All income sources must be legal in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules and regulations, without conflict.</li> </ul>
	Standard Doc:  24 Month Standard Doc: Salary/wage, self-employed and other income sources  12 Month Standard Doc: Salary/wage, self-employed and other income sources  4506-C/Tax Transcripts: A signed IRS Form 4506-C is required in every standard documentation credit file. See specific income documentation to determine if transcripts are required.  Taxpayer Consent Form: Must be signed by all borrowers. Plaza's loan documents include a taxpayer consent form.
	<ul> <li>Alt Doc:         Alt Doc includes the following documentation types: </li> <li>Bank Statements</li> <li>1099: 2 Years 1099s or 1 Year 1099</li> <li>Asset Utilization</li> <li>Income documented using Alt Doc may be combined with other income sources that are documented as Standard Doc. When Alt Doc is combined with Standard Doc, the loan must meet the Alt Doc eligibility matrices and will be placed as Alt Doc.</li> </ul>
	Bank Statement Income Documentation:  12 or 24 month personal bank statements  12 or 24 month business bank statements
Bank Statement Income	Refer to Program Guidelines for complete income and employment requirements.  Eligible Borrowers/Employment: Bank Statement Income documentation is available for self-employed borrowers only.
	<ul> <li>Ineligible Sources of Income for Bank Statement Documentation:</li> <li>Primary source of income from residential 1-4 unit real estate investment (rental income) is not eligible for bank statement documentation.</li> <li>Income earned buying and selling properties (flipping houses) is not eligible for bank statement documentation.</li> <li>Passive or portfolio income sources are not eligible (distributions from limited partnerships, day trading, etc.) for bank statement documentation.</li> <li>Funds/Deposits in an IOLTA (Trust) are ineligible sources of income for bank statement documentation.</li> <li>Not-For-Profit entities are ineligible sources of income.</li> </ul>

**Combining Documentation Types:** Income documented using bank statements may be combined with other income sources that are documented as Standard Doc but not associated with self-employment.

- When wage income is combined with bank statement income documentation, a tax return is not required for the full income documentation, as this would invalidate the bank statements. The 4506-C form is still required; however, Box 8 should be checked to obtain a transcript of W-2 earnings only.
- When bank statement documentation is combined with standard documentation the loan must meet the bank statement eligibility matrices and will be priced as bank statement documentation.

### Tax Returns/4506-C/Tax Transcripts:

Tax returns, 4506-C and transcripts are not required for bank statement documentation. If tax returns and/or transcript are provided, the loan will be ineligible for the bank statement program.

#### **Personal Bank Statements:**

- Most recent 24 or 12 months of PERSONAL bank statements.
- Most recent 2 months of BUSINESS bank statements.
  - o They must evidence activity to support business operations.
  - o They must reflect transfers to the personal account.
- Verify that the borrower owns 20% of the business by providing one of the following:
  - CPA letter, Tax Preparer letter, operating agreement, or equivalent, reflecting the borrower's ownership percentage.
- The borrower's business being used to source the income must be in existence for a minimum of 2 years as evidenced by one of the following:
  - o CPA or tax preparer letter, or
  - o Business License, or
  - Business bank statement from 24 or more months prior to note date reflecting activity, or
  - Other reasonable evidence of business activity.
- If the borrower does not have a separate business bank account and cannot provide 2 months of business bank statements, the personal bank statements will be reviewed using business bank statement guidelines. In this situation the personal bank statements are considered co-mingled personal and business accounts and business bank statement analysis applies:
  - An expense factor must be applied using one of the business bank statement analysis method.
  - Verify the borrower is 100% owner of the business (borrower and spouse with combined 100% ownership is eligible)
- If the borrower has a personal account and a business account and co-mingles business deposits into both accounts, only deposits into the business account may be used.

### **Personal Bank Statement Income Calculation:**

- Only transfers or deposits from the business account(s) are eligible deposits, except
  - ATM deposits may be included if a consistent pattern of such deposits is present.
- Any inconsistent or large deposits not justified must be backed out of the calculation.
- Net income is the lower of:
  - for the 24-month statement option, the net income from the analysis using all 24 months of bank statements, or
  - for both the 24 or 12 month statement option, the net income based upon the most recent 12 months of bank statements
  - o Income cannot exceed the income disclosed on the initial 1003.
- The most recent bank statement must be consistent with the qualifying income.

### **Business Bank Statements:**

- Verify that the borrower is at least 25% owner of the business by providing one of the following:
  - CPA letter, Tax Preparer letter, operating agreement, or equivalent 3<sup>rd</sup> party documentation reflecting the borrower's ownership percentage.
- The business used to source the income must be in existence for a minimum of two years as evidenced by:
  - o CPA or tax preparer letter, or
  - Business License, or
  - Business bank statement from 24 or more months prior to note date reflecting activity, or
  - Other reasonable evidence of business activity.

- Income from the analysis of the bank statements must be multiplied by the borrower's ownership percentage to determine the borrower's net income.
- The expense analysis method should be reasonable for the type of business being reviewed.

#### **Business Bank Statement Analysis:**

Two options exist to analyze business accounts. Regardless of the option utilized, expenses must be reasonable for the type of business. The following applies regardless of the expense method used:

- Expenses must be reasonable for the type of business.
- Deposits should be reviewed for consistency.
- Deposits from alternative payment processing applications (i.e., Square, Venmo) are eligible.
- Inconsistent or large deposits should be sourced or excluded from the analysis. The
  definition of a large deposit is any deposit exceeding 50% of the average monthly
  sales of the business.
- Changes in deposit patterns must be explained.
- Income documented separately or not from the business must be backed out of deposits.

### • Option 1 - Business Expense Statement Letter

- 24 or 12 months of business bank statements covering the most recent time-period and:
- An expense statement (example letter) specifying business expenses (minimum expense ratio is 10%) as a percent of the gross annual sales/revenue, prepared and signed by either a CPA/accountant, IRS Enrolled Agent or tax preparer; and
- Credit file must contain documentation showing evidence of the preparer's business.

### • Determining Income Using Business Expense Statement Letter:

- Net Income is determined by the total deposits from the bank statements, minus any inconsistent deposits, ess total expenses, multiplied by ownership percentage, divided by the number of bank statements reviewed. Total expenses are calculated by multiplying the total deposits by the expense factor provided by a CPA/accountant, IRS Enrolled Agent, or tax preparer (subject to a minimum total expense percentage of 10%).
- Qualifying income is the lower of:
  - for the 24-month statement option, the net income from the analysis using all 24 months of bank statements, or
  - for both the 24 or 12 month statement option, the net income based upon the most recent 12 months of bank statements.
  - Income cannot exceed the income disclosed on the initial 1003.
- The most recent bank statement must be consistent with the qualifying income.
- o Expenses must be reasonable for the type of business.
- Plaza reserves the right, at the reviewer's discretion, to require additional documentation if the expense ratio appears unreasonable for any business entity.

#### Option 2 - Fixed Expense Ratio 50%

- Not eligible for businesses that experience higher expense ratios. Borrowers with businesses in the industries listed below may be eligible for a 50% expense ratio but will require additional documentation or explanation to support the business is not a high expense business.
  - Construction / Builder (single employee tradesman/handyman are eliqible)
  - Manufacturing
  - Retail and Wholesale Trade
  - Hospitality, Food and Beverage Services
  - Transportation
- 24 or 12 months of business bank statements covering the most recent time-period.
- A business narrative provided by the borrower (See Self-Employed Business Narrative Form) which includes details regarding the industry, size, and operating profile of the business, addressing location/rent, number of employees/contractors, COGS, and physical assets such as trucks/equipment (owned or leased).
- The Self-Employed Business Narrative Form should be used to determine if the borrower's business is eligible for this option based on reasonableness of expenses.

### • Determining Income Using Fixed Expense Ratio 50%:

- Net Income is determined by the total deposits from the bank statements, minus any inconsistent deposits, multiplied by 50% expense ratio, multiplied by ownership percentage, divided by the number of bank statements reviewed.
- Qualifying income is the lower of:
  - for the 24-month statement option, the net income from the analysis using all 24 months of bank statements, or
  - for both the 24 or 12 month statement option, the net income based upon the most recent 12 months of bank statements.
  - Income cannot exceed the income disclosed on the initial 1003.
- The deposits from the most recent bank statement must be consistent with the qualifying income.
- Plaza reserves the right, at the reviewer's discretion, to require additional documentation if the expense ratio appears unreasonable for any business entity.

### Non-Sufficient Funds:

Non-sufficient funds (NSF) reflected on the bank statement must be considered. Overdraft protection fees associated with a pre-arranged link to a savings account or line of credit must also be considered unless one of the following conditions exist:

- Occurrences included in the analysis are subject to the following tolerances (An occurrence is defined as one or more checks returned the same day):
  - If there are one (1) or more occurrences in the most recent three-month time period, up to three (3) occurrences are allowed in the most recent 12-month time period.
  - If there are zero (0) occurrences in the most recent three-month time period, up to five (5) occurrences in the most recent 12-month time period are acceptable.
- Overdraft protection from a depository account: Occurrences may be excluded if statements for the linked account confirm that:
  - (a) the linked account balance at the time of the transfer exceeded the amount of the overdraft transfer,
  - (b) the linked account's balance did not report as zero or negative at any point during the statement period of the transfer, and
  - (c) the linked account did not itself receive overdraft protection proceeds during the statement period of the transfer.
- Overdraft protection from a line of credit: Occurrences may be excluded if statements for the linked account confirm that (a) the line's credit limit was not exceeded during the statement period of the transfer, and (b) a payment amount which equals or exceeds the sum of all overdraft protection occurrences analyzed in the statement period is made within 30 days after the statement close date.
- Exception requests for tolerance deviations must include (a) a letter of explanation from the borrower outlining the reason for the occurrences and an explanation of how and when the issue leading to the occurrences was rectified, and (b) additional compensating factors outlined by the underwriter supporting the viability of income.
- The underwriter must consider the financial strength of a self-employed borrower's business
- Borrowers must have minimum of \$250,000 in post-close eligible assets.
  - Eligible Assets:
    - Assets must be liquid and available excluding any penalty (amount of available assets must be reduced by the amount of any penalty applied to access the assets). Additional documentation may be requested to validate the origin of the funds.
    - 100% of Checking, Savings, Money Market Accounts, and U.S. Treasuries with maturity less than 1 year
    - o 100% of the cash surrender value of life insurance less any loans
    - o 80% of Stocks, Bonds, and Mutual Funds
    - $\circ$  80% of Retirement Assets: Eligible if the borrower is of retirement age (at least 59  $\frac{1}{2}$ )
    - o 70% of Retirement Assets: Eligible if the borrower is not of retirement age (under 59 ½) (70% takes into account a 10% early withdrawal penalty)
    - Assets held in a trust are eligible per the following:
      - Assets in a revocable trust where the trustee is the borrower
      - Assets in an irrevocable trust where the borrower is the beneficiary and the borrower has immediate access to the assets of the trust
      - Based upon the type of assets held in the trust, the above asset percentages apply

## Asset Utilization

	La dividita Annata
	<ul> <li>Ineligible Assets:</li> <li>Crypto currency</li> </ul>
	Equity in Real Estate
	<ul> <li>Privately traded or restricted/non-vested stocks</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Any asset which produces income already included in the income calculation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Any assets held in the name of a business</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Assets held in an irrevocable trust where the beneficiary of the trust is not the</li> </ul>
	borrower
	<ul> <li>Assets held in a charitable giving trust, donor advised fund, or similar entity where the intended beneficiary is not the borrower</li> </ul>
	Windfall (e.g., lottery winnings, inheritance, etc.)
	Income Calculation:
	<ul> <li>Total Assets Eligible for Depletion, less down payment, less out of pocket</li> </ul>
	closing costs, less required reserves, divided by 84
	Documentation:
	Assets must be verified with the most recent three (3) monthly account
	statements, quarterly statement or a VOD covering at least 90 days  O Deposits exceeding 50% of the total qualifying income must be documented
	<ul> <li>Deposits exceeding 50% of the total qualifying income must be documented and come from an eligible source</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Tax returns, 4506-C and transcripts are not required.</li> </ul>
	Program Restrictions:
	<ul> <li>Non-occupant co-borrowers not allowed</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>All individuals listed on the asset account(s) must be on the Note and</li> </ul>
	Mortgage
Rental Income (Standard Doc)	Gift funds not eligible  - Rental income from other proportion must be decumented with the harrower's most
ixemai income (Standard DOC)	<ul> <li>Rental income from other properties must be documented with the borrower's most recent signed federal income tax return that includes Schedule E.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Leases are required for properties where rental income is being used to qualify</li> </ul>
	and the property was acquired during or subsequent to the most recent tax
	filing year or the rental property was out of service for an extended period.
	For commercial properties a copy of the lease or rent roll is required
	<ul> <li>Proposed rental income from the comparable rent schedule, reflecting long term rental rates, may be used for qualifying if there is not a current lease or assignment</li> </ul>
	of lease on purchase of an investment property.
	<ul> <li>Properties with expired leases that have converted to month to month per the terms</li> </ul>
	of the lease will require bank statements for the lesser of 2 months or the time
	period after the lease expired.
	<ul> <li>A 25% vacancy factor must be applied to the gross rent used for qualifying when</li> </ul>
	rental income is not documented with the borrower's most recent signed federal income tax return that includes Schedule E. Multiply the gross rent by 75% and
	subtract the PITIA to arrive at the rental income/loss used for qualifying.
	Commercial properties owned on schedule E must be documented with a rent roll
	and evidence that the primary use and zoning of the property is commercial.
	Application of Rental Income:
	Primary Residence     The monthly qualifying rental income (as defined shove) must be added to
	<ul> <li>The monthly qualifying rental income (as defined above) must be added to the borrower's total monthly income. (The income is not netted against the</li> </ul>
	PITIA of the property)
	<ul> <li>The full amount of the mortgage payment (PITIA) must be included in the</li> </ul>
	borrower's total monthly obligations when calculating the debt-to-income
	ratio.
	<ul> <li>Investment Property</li> <li>If the monthly qualifying rental income (as defined above) minus the full</li> </ul>
	PITIA is positive, it must be added to the borrower's total monthly income
	<ul> <li>If the monthly qualifying rental income minus PITIA is negative, the</li> </ul>
	monthly net rental loss must be added to the borrower's total monthly
	obligations
	<ul> <li>The full PITIA for the rental property is factored into the amount of the net rental income (or loss); therefore, it should not be counted as a monthly</li> </ul>
	obligation
	<ul> <li>The full monthly payment for the borrower's principal residence (full PITIA</li> </ul>
	or monthly rent) must be counted as a monthly obligation.
Residual Income	All loans must meet the residual income requirements below:
	Residual income calculation must be calculated and displayed on the 1008      Residual income calculation must be calculated and displayed on the 1008
	<ul> <li>Residual income equals Gross Monthly Qualifying Income minus total monthly debt</li> <li>\$2,500 Residual Income required + \$250 for first dependent + \$125 for each</li> </ul>
	additional dependent
	additional depondent

Eligible Borrowers	a II S gitizano
Liigible Dollowers	<ul> <li>U.S. citizens</li> <li>Permanent resident aliens with acceptable documentation</li> </ul>
	Non-Permanent Resident Aliens
	Inter Vivos Revocable Trusts (refer to Plaza's Living Trust Policy)
	Non-occupant co-borrowers with restrictions
	First-time homebuyers (FTHB) are individuals who have had no ownership interest  (sele or igint) in a residential property during the three year period propeding the
	(sole or joint) in a residential property during the three-year period preceding the application date of the subject property transaction. For loans that include more than
	one borrower, if any borrower is not a FTHB, the FTHB restrictions do not apply.
	FTHB are allowed with the following restrictions:
	Primary residence and second home only
	<ul> <li>Maximum payment shock 300% if doc type is Alt Doc.</li> <li>FTHB living rent free or without a complete 12-month rental history are eligible</li> </ul>
	with a maximum LTV of 80% and maximum DTI of 43%.
Eligible Properties	Attached/detached SFRs
	Attached/detached PUDs
	2-4 Units
	Condos (Warrantable and Non-Warrantable)
Escrow / Impounds	Condotels     Escrow funds/impound accounts can be waived by exception when the following
Escrow / impounds	requirements are met:
	Must not be Higher Priced Mortgage Loan (HPML)
	• LTV <= 80%
	Note: Flood Insurance Premium impound cannot be waived when Floor Insurance
	is required.
Interest Only	Maximum 80% LTV/CLTV     Fligible for 40 Vr Torres products
	Eligible for 40 Yr Term products     10 year interest only term
	30 year amortized term
Max Financed Properties	Primary residence: There is no limit on the number of financed properties a
	borrower may own.
	Second home or investment property: Maximum 20 financed properties.
	Maximum Loans/Maximum Plaza Exposure:
	No more than four total Plaza loans are permitted to one borrower
	Maximum \$5,000,000 in Solutions loans to any single borrower
Housing Payment History	Housing payment history (mortgage or rental) for a 12-month period must be addressed.
	addressed.  o Borrowers who live rent free or without a complete 12-month payment history
	may be eligible (see section below); however, a complete 12-month period must
	be accounted for and documented.
	<ul> <li>The 12-month mortgage history is required for all financed properties owned by</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the borrower.</li> <li>0 x 30 mortgage/rental delinquency in the past 12 months.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>This applies all mortgages and all borrowers on the loan.</li> </ul>
	Mortgage/rent rating must be current. Current means the borrower has made all
	mortgage/rental payments due in the month prior to the note date.
Reserves	Reserves must come from the borrower's eligible assets. Additionally, net proceeds
	from a cash-out transaction may be used for reserves.
	Reserve Requirement:
	• Loan Amount <= \$1,500,000: 3 months
	• Loan Amount > \$1,500,000: 6 months
	Other Reserves Considerations:
	Reserve requirements apply to the subject property loan only. Additional reserves
	are not required for additional financed properties.
	Cash-out may be used for reserves
	Reserves for a loan with an Interest Only feature are based upon the Interest Only  Property amount.
	<ul> <li>payment amount</li> <li>For Adjustable-Rate Mortgages, the reserves are based upon the initial PITIA, not</li> </ul>
	the qualifying payment
	Gift funds are not allowed for reserves
	Proceeds from a 1031 exchange are not allowed for reserves

### **Transactions**

#### Purchase:

- Proceeds from the transaction are used to finance the acquisition of the subject property.
- LTV/CLTV is based upon the lesser of the sales price or appraised value.
- Assignment of contract or finder's fees reflected on the purchase contract are not eligible to be included in the sales contract price or associated with the LTV/CLTV calculation.

### Rate & Term Refinance: Proceeds from the transaction are used to:

- Pay off an existing first mortgage loan and any subordinate loan used to acquire the property.
- Pay off any subordinate loan not used in the acquisition of the subject property, provided one of the following apply:
  - Closed-end loan, at least 12 months of seasoning has occurred.
  - HELOC, at least 12 months of seasoning has occurred, and total draws over the past 12 months are less than \$2,000.
- Buy out a co-owner pursuant to an agreement.
- Pay off an installment land contract executed more than 12 months from the loan application date.

### Other Rate/Term Considerations:

- Refinance of a previous loan that provided cash out, and is seasoned less than 12 months as measured from the previous note date to the new note date, will be considered a cash out refinance.
- Cash back not to exceed the lesser of 2% of the new loan amount or \$5,000.
- The transaction must be treated as cash-out when the subject property is encumbered by one of the following:
  - o Blanket/Cross-Collateralized loan, or
  - Loan that allows for Paid in Kind (PIK) interest. A copy of the note must be provided to determine required payment terms. Notes allowing interest to accumulate during the term of the loan are eligible.
- Properties listed for sale in the past six (6) months are ineligible. If the property has been listed for sale in the previous 12 months, the LTV will be based on the lesser of the lowest list price or appraised value.
- LTV/CLTV:
  - If the subject property was acquired greater than six (6) months from the new note date, the appraised value will be used to determine LTV/CLTV.
  - If the property was acquired less than or equal to six (6) months from the new note date, the lesser of the current appraisal value or previous purchase price plus documented improvements (if any) will be used to determine LTV/CLTV.
     The purchase settlement statement and any invoices for materials/labor will be required.
  - If the property has been listed for sale in the previous 12 months, the LTV will be based on the lesser of the lowest list price or appraised value.
- Title must be in the borrower's name at time of application and on the closing date
  except that title may be in an LLC at time of application if the borrower(s) is a
  majority owner (i.e. more than 50%), and the property must be deeded to the
  borrower individually at closing. Loans may not close with title held in the name of
  the LLC. The other owners of the LLC must acknowledge the transfer of ownership
  to our borrower(s).

**Cash-Out Refinance:** A refinance that does not meet the definition of a rate/term transaction is considered cash-out.

- A letter explaining the use of loan proceeds is required for all transactions.
- A mortgage secured by a property currently owned free and clear is considered cash-out.
- The payoff of delinquent real estate taxes (60 days or more past due) is considered cash-out.
- For all investment property transactions, any loan proceeds used to pay off personal debt creates a consumer transaction, and the loan is subject to ATR and TRID.
   This includes any past draws, regardless of timing, on a HELOC secured by the subject property.
- Loans not eligible for cash-out:
  - Properties listed for sale in the past six (6) months. If the property has been listed for sale in the previous 12 months, the LTV will be based on the lesser of the lowest list price or appraised value.
  - There has been a prior cash-out within the past six (6) months.
  - There is a closed-end second seasoned less than six (6) months or there is a HELOC with any draws in the last six (6) months.
  - Land Contract/Contract for Deed.

- Cash-Out seasoning is defined as the time difference between the note date of the new loan and the property acquisition date.
  - Borrower ownership seasoning of six (6) months is required for a transaction to be eligible for cash-out.
  - Cash-out seasoning of six (6) months or less is only allowed when it is documented that the borrower acquired the property through an inheritance, or was legally awarded the property through divorce, separation, or dissolution of a domestic partnership.
  - If the property was owned prior to closing by a limited liability corporation (LLC) that is majority-owned or controlled by the borrower(s), the time it was held by the LLC may be counted towards meeting the borrower's six-month ownership requirement.
  - If the property was owned prior to closing by an inter vivos revocable trust, the time held by the trust may be counted towards meeting the borrower's sixmonth ownership requirement if the borrower is the primary beneficiary of the trust.
- Title must be in the borrower's name at time of application and on the closing date
  except that title may be in an LLC at time of application if the borrower(s) is a
  majority owner (i.e. more than 50%), and the property must be deeded to the
  borrower individually at closing. Loans may not close with title held in the name of
  the LLC. The other owners of the LLC must acknowledge the transfer of ownership
  to our borrower(s).
- LTV/CLTV:
  - If the subject property was acquired greater than six (6) months from the new note date, the appraised value will be used to determine LTV/CLTV.
  - If the property was acquired less than or equal to six (6) months from the new note date, the lesser of the current appraisal value or previous purchase price plus documented improvements (if any) will be used to determine LTV/CLTV.
     The purchase settlement statement and any invoices for materials/labor will be required.
  - If the property has been listed for sale in the previous 12 months, the LTV will be based on the lesser of the lowest list price or appraised value.

**Delayed Purchase Refinance:** Delayed purchase financing is eligible when a property was purchased by a borrower for cash within 180 days of the loan application.

- The original purchase transaction was an arms-length transaction.
- The source of funds for the purchase transaction are documented (such as bank statements, personal loan documents, or a HELOC on another property).
- The maximum LTV/CLTV ratio for the transaction is based upon the lower of the current appraised value or the property's purchase price plus documented improvements.
- The preliminary title search or report must confirm that there are no existing liens on the subject property
- The transaction is considered cash-out, cash-out Loan/LTV/CLTV limits and price adjustments apply.
- Cash back to the borrower in excess of documented funds used to purchase the property is not allowed.

### **Conversion of Construction-to-Permanent Financing:**

The conversion of construction-to-permanent financing involves the granting of a long-term mortgage to a Borrower for the purpose of replacing interim construction financing that the Borrower has obtained to fund the construction of a new residence. The Borrower must hold title to the lot, which may have been previously acquired or purchased as part of the transaction.

- For lots owned ≥12 months from the new note date for subject transaction, LTV, CLTV, HCLTV is based on the current appraised value.
- For lots owned < 12 months from the new note date for subject transaction, LTV, CLTV, HCLTV is based on the lesser of the current appraised value of the property or the total acquisition costs (sum of documented construction costs and documented purchase price of lot).

#### Texas Section 50(a)(6):

- 1-unit primary residence
- 30-year fixed rate only
- Maximum LTV/CLTV of 80%
- Points and Fees are limited to 2%
- Regardless if the new loan is a rate/term or cash-out refinance, any loan classified under Texas law as a Texas 50(a)(6), must follow the cash-out eligibility matrix and be locked as a cash-out refinance.

Product Name	Product Code	Available Term in Months
Solutions Non-QM 4 30 Year Fixed	NQ4F30	360
Solutions Non-QM 4 40 Year Fixed Interest Only	NQ4F40IO	480

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